

## Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona

University Autonoma of Barcelona (UAB)

- Established in 1968
- 40.000 Students (8.000 graduate students)
- 3.000 Teachers (Professors, Associate Professors and Assistant Professors)
- 2.500 Students in Computer Science

## CAOS Department

- 3 Professors
- 10 Associate Professors
- 1 Post Doc
- 23 Research Assistant (Graduate Students)

More Information: http://www.caos.uab.es

### CAOS Research Activities

Parallel Applications

Support Tools for Parallel Programming

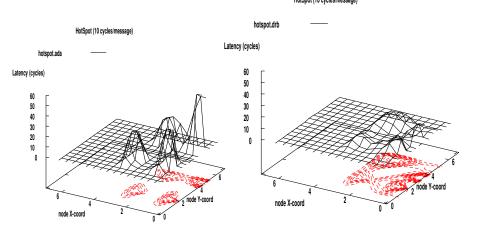
Management of Parallel and Distributed Systems

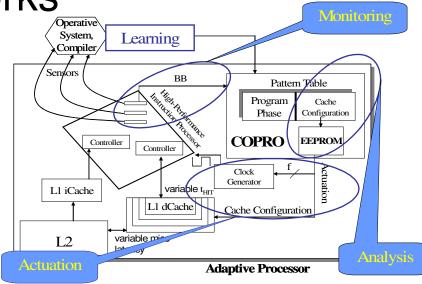
Computer Architecture: Processors and Networks

### Computer Architecture: Processors and Networks

 Advanced Processors Design (Branch Prediction and Adaptive Cache)

Interconnection Networks





### Management of Parallel and Distributed Systems

Low Cost Parallel Machine



Performance Modelling and Prediction of Multiclusters

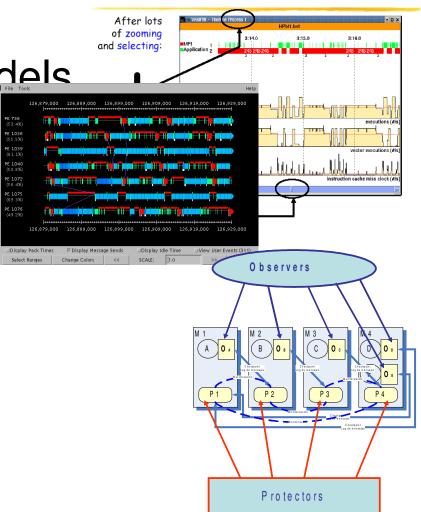
Grid Resource Management

### Support Tools for Parallel Processing

Parallel Programming Models

 Automatic Performance Evaluation and Dynamic Tuning

Reliability (Fault Tolerant)

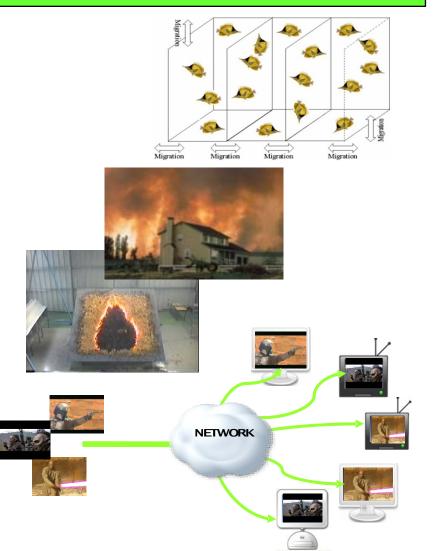


### Parallel Applications

 Event Driven Parallel and Distributed Simulation

 Simulation of Forest Fire Propagation

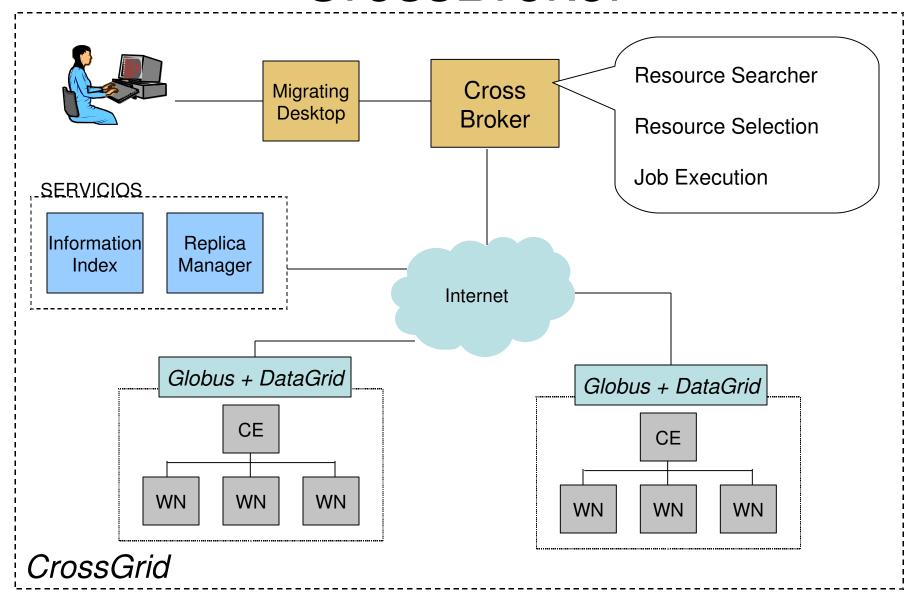
Video on Demand



# Grid Resource Management: CrossBroker

- Grid Resource Management
  - Automatic
  - Transparent
  - Reliable
- Supporting new applications:
  - Interactive
  - Workflows
  - Parallel

### CrossBroker

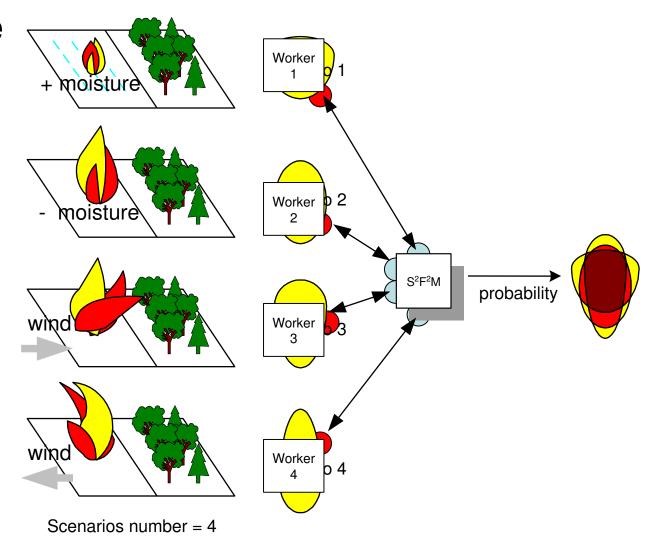


## Simulation of Forest Fire Propagation

- S<sup>2</sup>F<sup>2</sup>M (Statistical System for Forest Fire Management) is a statistical method that improves the prediction of fire propagation by focusing on the imprecision of the input data
- S<sup>2</sup>F<sup>2</sup>M looks for a behavior pattern of the forest fire, independently of the parameters values
- S<sup>2</sup>F<sup>2</sup>M presents an option to the resolution of the problem by means of the use of multiple cases instead of doing a prediction from only one parameters set

## Simulation of Forest Fire Propagation

Example



# Simulation of Forest Fire Propagation

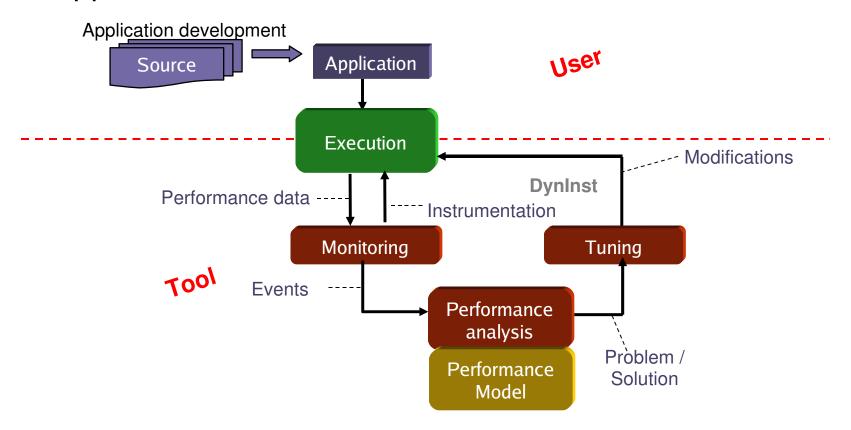
 In real experiments, the terrain is divided into dedicated plots with regular shape and dimensions separated by firewalls to limit fire spread and to keep it inside desired boundaries in each burn

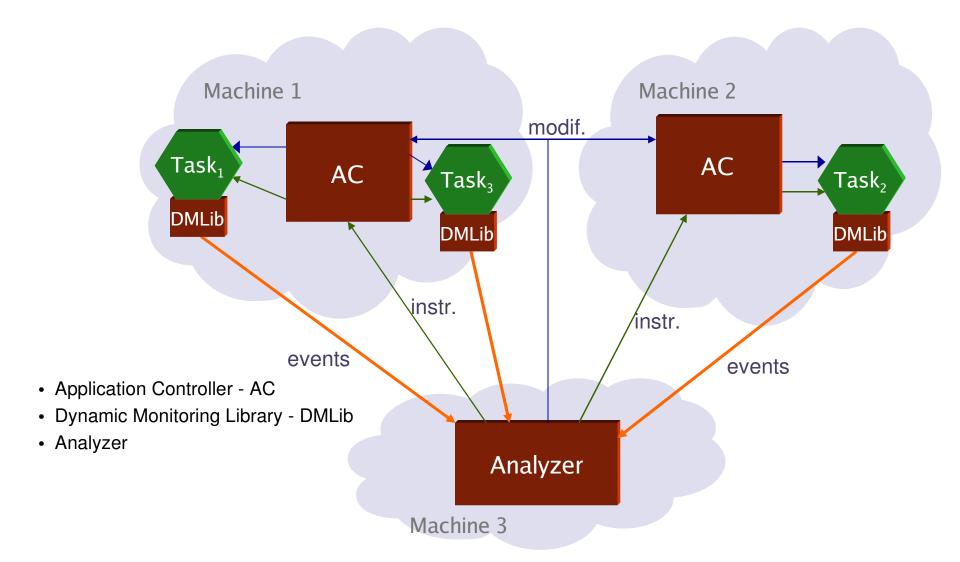




## **Dynamic Tuning**

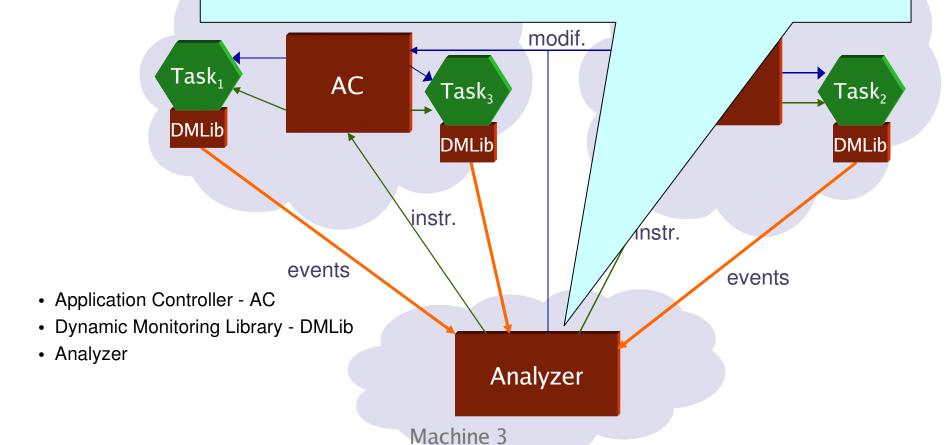
Dynamic automatic tuning of parallel/distributed applications

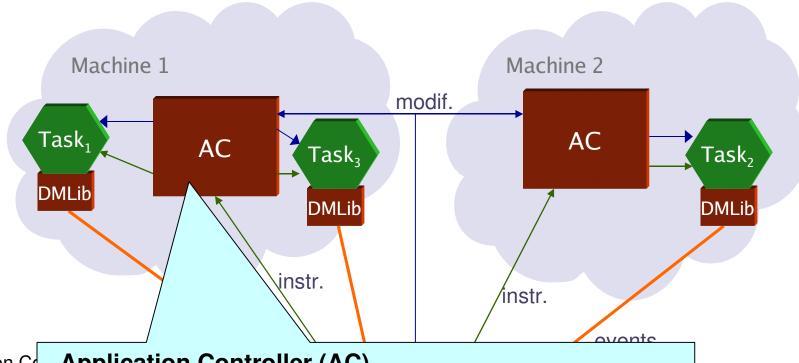




#### Analyzer

- Carries out the application performance analysis
- •Detects problems "on the fly" and requests changes



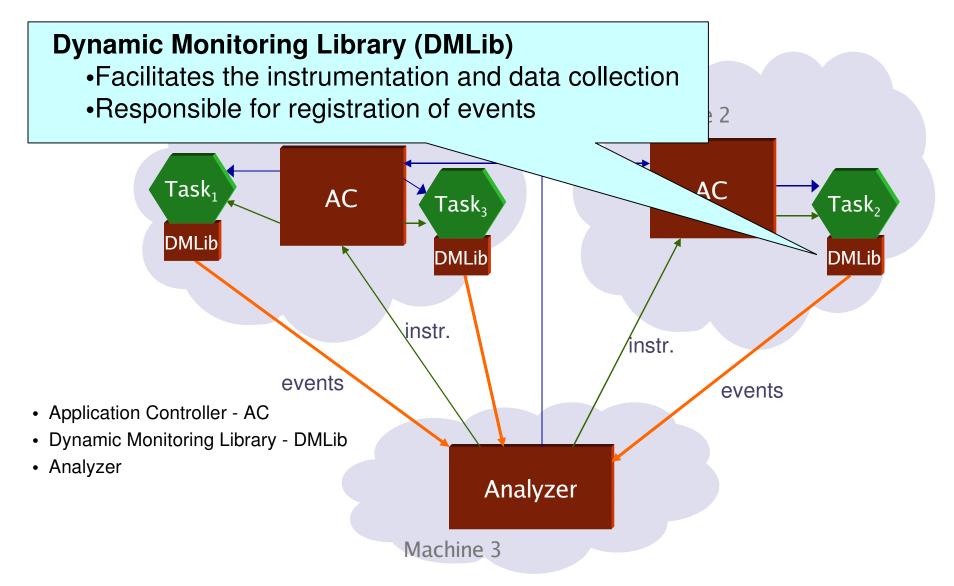


- Application Co
- Dynamic Mon
- Analyzer

#### **Application Controller (AC)**

- Controls the execution of the application
- •Has a Monitor module to manage instrumentation via DynInst and gather execution information
- •Has a Tuner module to perform tuning via DynInst

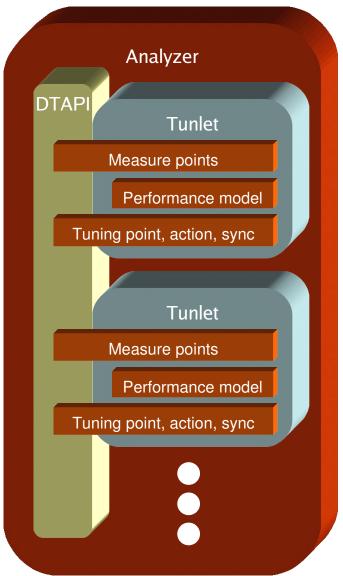
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- Automatic Performance Analysis on the fly
  - Find bottlenecks among events applying performance model
  - Find solutions that overcome bottlenecks
- Analyzer is provided with an application knowledge about performance problems
- Information related to one problem is called a tuning technique
- A tuning technique describes a complete performance optimization scenario

 Each tuning technique is implemented in MATE as a "tunlet", a C/C++ library dynamically loaded to the Analyzer process.

- measure points what events are needed
- performance model how to determine the behavior and possible solutions
- tuning actions/points/synchronization what to change, where, when





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