Stream-based concurrent computational models and programming tools Leonel Sousa

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1. Many-core platforms based on GPU's

# 1. GPGPU: Computation Models and Programming tools

- 1. Stream based computing
- 2. Massively parallelism based on Multithreading
- 3. APIs and Programming tools

# 2. Caravela Project

- 1. Flow-Model and Caravela Platform
- 2. Caravela Tools for programming GPUs (locally and remotely)
- 3. Optimizations for current GPUs/Systems
- 4. Future Work



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#### **Graphics Processing Units**

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- Graphics Processing Units (GPUs)
  - Available in all computers
  - Unused high computational capacity
  - Manycore processing systems

#### **GPGPU - General-Purpose computation on GPUs**

- Usage of GPUs for GPGPU
  - Graphics APIs are not tuned for general-purpose applications
  - Programmer has to learn irrelevant graphics concepts
  - Data copy from main memory to video memory is slow
    - PCI-E system bus



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- Vertex processor: x, y, z, w
- Pixel processor: operates on pixel data in a vector approach, issuing instructions to operate concurrently on the multiple color components of a pixel -R(ed), G(reen), B(lue) and A(lpha)
- Vertex and Pixel processors are programmable
  - DirectX assembly language and HLSL
  - OpenGL Shader Language (GLSL)

#### **Texture mapping example**

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ps\_2\_0  $\leftarrow$  DirectX assembly language Pixel Shader Model 2.0 def c0, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0  $\leftarrow$   $\alpha$ def c1, 1, 1, 1, 1

dcl\_2d s0 dcl\_2d s1

dcl t0.xy dcl t1.xy Coordinates of textures

texld r2, t0, s0 ← Da Vinci texld r3, t1, s1 ← Mona Lisa

mov r5, c1 sub r5, r5, c0 mul r2, r2, r5 mad r4, r3, c0, r2  $\leftarrow$  Pa(1- $\alpha$ ) Pa(1- $\alpha$ )+Pb $\alpha$ 

mov oC0, r4 ← Output of results

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 $P' = Pa(1-\alpha)+Pb\alpha$ Alpha blending





• GPU drastically improves performance in the last 5 years





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#### **GPGPU** applications



- **GPU** supports general purpose processing (data-parallelism)
  - with high number of arithmetic calculations per memory access \_

#### Examples (www.gpgpu.org)

- **Physics simulation** \_\_\_\_
- Signal processing \_
- **Computational geometry** \_
- **Database management**
- **Computational biology**
- **Computational finance**
- **Computer vision**
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### **GPU** architecture

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#### GeForce 8800 [source: NVIDIA]





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330 Gflop/s (issue rate for MAC), 86.4 GB/s peak mem. bandwidth

- 128 stream processors: 8 clusters of 16 SPs
- SPs aren't vertex or pixel shaders: generalized floating-point processors capable of operating on vertices, pixels, or any data
  - most GPUs operate on pixel data in a way (R,G,B,A) but the G80's SP is scalar
- SPs are clocked at a relatively speedy 1.35GHz, while most of the rest of the chip is clocked independently at 575MHz
  - GeForce 8800: a tremendous amount of raw floating-point processing power
- The cores in a cluster share:
  - local memory (L1)
  - banks of specialized hardware (TF) for implementing texture fetch operations
- High performance access to the frame buffer memory (FB)
  - to store both texture data and rendered images



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- Input data is streamed in from one or more input arrays, processed by a stream kernel, and then streamed out to one or more output arrays
- A stream kernel can be thought of as:
  - function that is applied in parallel to every element of one or more input arrays and produces one or more output arrays



#### **Computation Models:** Stream processing

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- Applications can easily be limited by memory bandwidth
  - Restrictions: memory accesses oriented to pixel processing
  - Only gather: can read data from other pixels



No scatter: (Can only write to one pixel)





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#### **Computation Models: Multithreading**

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- SPMD + SIMD Model
  - Data-parallel portions of an application are executed as kernels which run in parallel on many threads
- A kernel is executed as a grid of thread blocks
  - A thread block is a batch of threads that can cooperate with each other through shared memory
- Two threads from two different blocks cannot cooperate



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#### **Computation Models: Multithreading**

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- Massive parallelism for GPUs to hide memory access and pipeline latencies
  - For instance, a single processing element in a GPU might run several threads at once and switch between them whenever a high-latency operation is encountered.
- Read/write per-thread
  - registers, local memory
- Read/write per-block
  - shared memory
- Read/write per-grid



global memory

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Host

Texture Memory



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## APIs and Programming tools: CUDA

• CUDA API is an extension to the C language

- extensions to target portions of the code for execution on the device
- a runtime library split into
  - a common component providing built-in vector types and a subset of the C runtime library supported in both host and device codes
  - A host component to control and access one or more devices from the host
  - A device component providing device-specific functions



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#### **APIs and Programming tools: Heterogenous Multi-core Parallel Programming (HMPP)**



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- The GPU is always viewed as a computing device that:
  - is a coprocessor to the CPU or host
  - has its own DRAM (device memory)
- Approach similar to OpenMP, but designed to handle hardware accelerators
  - application source code portable
    - sequential binary -> traditional compiler
- CAPS HMPP is:
  - a set of compiler directives and runtime software for multicore programming in C

Stream-based concurrent computational models and programming tools





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#### Caravela: Motivation



- A new execution model for local and remote computation is required
- Stream computing is the expected for the next high performance computing method
- GPU never touches resources on host machine using stream-based computation, so security can be guaranteed



Stream-based computation on GPU can be applied to distributed computing





# Caravela: A new platform for distributed computing

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#### Caravela Platform: Flow-model

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- Memory effect by introducing feedback
- Program does not touch other resources beyond I/O streams
- Flow-model encapsulates a task object
- Flow-model can be fetched from remote site.



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Caravela provides a set of tools for executing a flow-model unit.



# FlowModelCreator and Caravela Library

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#### Caravela Platform: Runtime Environment

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- Resource definition in Caravela library
  - Machine: has Adapter(s)
  - Adapter: has Shader(s)
  - Shader: Pixel Processor(s)
- Programming steps in application
  - 1. Acquire shaders
  - 2. Define flow-models
  - 3. Map flow-models to shaders
  - 4. Setup input streams
  - 5. Fire flow-models
  - 6. Get output data streams



Shader

Adapter

Machine



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#### Caravela Platform : Runtime for remote execution

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- Remote execution runtime supports:
  - Worker server: executes flow-models.
  - Broker server: maintains routing information to worker servers.





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#### Caravela Platform: Caravela library



- Initialization and Finalization CARAVELA\_Initialize(RUNTIME), CARAVELA\_Finalize(RUNTIME)
- Machine creation machine CARAVELA\_CreateMachine(machine\_type)
- Mapping Flow-model into Shader fuse CARAVELA\_MapFlowModelIntoShader(shader, flow-model)
- Execution of Flow-model CARAVELA\_FireFlowModel(fuse)

# machine\_type is "REMOTE" for remote execution.



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### Caravela Platform: 1D FIR Filter



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#### void main( in float2 t0: TEXCOORD0, void main(){ $y_n = \sum_{i=0}^{15} b_i * x_{n-i}$ out float4 oC0: COLOR0){ int i,j; float inv = 1.0/Const4.x; int i: vec4 res = vec4(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0);float inv = 1.0/Const4.x; float4 res = 0: vec2 coord = gl TexCoord[0].xy; float2 coord = t0: vec4 data0 = texture2D(CaravelaTex0, coord); float4 data0 = tex2D(CaravelaTex0, coord); coord.x+=inv; vec4 data1 = texture2D(CaravelaTex0, coord); coord.x += inv;Х b float4 data1 = tex2D(CaravelaTex0, coord); coord.x+=inv; vec4 data2 = texture2D(CaravelaTex0, coord); coord.x += inv;float4 data2 = tex2D(CaravelaTex0, coord); // for x value for( j=0; j<4; j++ ){ // for x value res.x += data0[j] \* Const0[j]; for(i=0; i<4; i++) res.x += data1[j] \* Const1[j]; res.x += data0[i] \* taps[i][0];for( j=0; j<4; j++ ) res.x += data1[j] \* taps[j][1]; // for y value // for y value for(j=1;j<4;j++)for(j=1;j<4;j++)res.y += data0[j] \* Const0[j-1]; res.y += data0[j] \* taps[j-1][0]; res.y += data1[0] \* Const0[3]; res.y += data1[0] \* taps[3][0]; for( j=1; j<4; j++ ) for( j=1; j<4; j++ ) res.y += data1[j] \* Const1[j-1]; res.y += data1[j] \* taps[j-1][1]; res.y += data2[0] \* Const1[3]; res.y += data2[0] \* taps[3][1]; oC0 = res: gl FragData[0] = res; DirectX (HLSL) OpenGL (GLSL)

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### Caravela Platform: Experimental Results

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	Machine1	Machine2
CPU	AMD Opteron 2GHz 2GB DDR400	Intel CoreDuo 1.66GHz 1GB DDR2
GPU	NVIDIA GeForce 7300GS 256MB DDR	NVIDIA GeForce Go 7400 128MB DDR2



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### Caravela Platform: Experimental Results

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#### Local Optimizations: Recursive processing

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b Х Recursive processing with flow-model Output streams must be copied to input streams performance degrades due to the copy overhead **Example: IIR Filter** Output "y" is feed-forwarded to input recursively.  $y_{n} = \sum_{i=0}^{7} b_{i} * x_{n-i} + \sum_{k=1}^{8} b_{k} * y_{n-k}$ Recursive y **IIR** filter 8 7 Execuion time (sec) y Copy time Others 2 1 0 DX9 OpenGL OpenGL DX9 OpenGL DX9 OpenGL 4M samples 4M samples 1M samples Machine1 1M samples Machine2 Machine1 Machine2 University of Murcia

- Swap mechanism: Optimization for recursive I/O
  - *Pair* CARAVELA\_CreateSwapIoPair(input\_index, output\_index)

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– CARAVELA\_SwapFlowmodelIo(*Pair*)





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#### Local optimizations: Implementation of Swap mechanism

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Output texture



Input texture

Swap mechanism

CPU memory

Peripheral bus

(PCI Express etc.)

shader

Swap pointers internally VRAM

Swap method (OpenGL)

Exchanges pointers of I/O buffers in the GPU side.

## Conventional method



Output stream copied VRAM →CPU memory and CPU memory → VRAM

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Viceo Adapter

#### Local optimizations: Swap mechanism

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1M samples

1M samples



Input matrix size

- OpenGL is used as the graphics runtime:
  - CARAVELA\_SwapFlowmodelIO() for swap mechanism
- Swap:

#### **Improves performance 55-60%**



### Swap mechanism is an effective optimization technique.



4M samples



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- I/O overhead of GPGPU application
  - Copy operation among CPU memory-VRAM
  - Overhead in GPU at writing output stream to VRAM
  - Overhead in Pixel processor at reading textures



Smaller texture size may result in better performance.



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#### Local optimizations: technology from seed **Remap method** Iterating with 3000x3000 texture input and applying Swap mechanism - Spot depending on the number of tions of Swap mechanism - 500 iterations , inescid isboa 2 texture2Ds 3 texture2Ds 4 texture2Ds 5 texture2Ds <del>\_\_\_\_</del> 6 texture2Ds 0 100 600 1100 1600 2100 2600 Number of iterations 30 10 texture2Ds 15 texture2Ds 25 20 texture2Ds Execution time (sec) 25 texture2Ds 20 30 texture2Ds 15 GeForce7900: 2000 iterations 10 Swap iteration should be reset at the spot! 0 600 1100 1600 2100 2600 100 Number of iterations University of Murcia

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- For the applications which calculation size decreases,
  - Flow-model should be mapped again after the input texture sizes are reduced
  - Applying a threshold number of iterations for Swap, flow-model is mapped again at the spot



# Remap method



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#### Local optimizations: LU decomposition

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- (A) Normalization of diagonal elements
- (B) Orthogonalization
- (C) Normalization





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Elements previously calculated are forwarded to the output data stream without any calculation



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#### Remote execution: Meta-pipeline

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- Executing the flow-model in a remote machine:
  - Sending input data to the remote machine,
  - receiving output data from the remote machine,
  - scheduling the execution





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#### Remote execution: Pipeline model

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- I/O ports of the Pipeline-model
  - ENTRANCE port
  - EXIT port
  - INTERMEDIATE port
- When all input streams are ready, flow-model is executed
- Deadlock might occur if feedback edges exist
  - INITONCE port



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#### Remote execution: Extension of Caravela library

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- Extended functions for Caravela library
  - CARAVELA\_CreatePipeline()
  - CARAVELA\_AddShaderToPipeline()
  - CARAVELA\_AttachFlowModelToShader()
  - CARAVELA\_ConnectIO()
  - CARAVELA\_Specify[InitOnce | Exit | Intermediate]Port()
  - CARAVELA\_ImplementPipelineModel()
  - CARAVELA\_SendInputDataToPipeline()
  - <u>– CARAVELA\_ReceiveOutputDataFromPipeline()</u>

During local execution: it promotes pipeline execution. During remote execution: communication with worker servers.



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# Remote execution: 2D DWT

- 2D Discrete Wavelet Transform
  - Image compression (JPEG2000), denoising, edge detection, enlarge...

$$LL_{n} = \sum_{k=0}^{K-1} \sum_{m=0}^{M-1} LL_{n-1}(2i+k,2j+m)l(m)l(k)$$

$$HL_{n} = \sum_{k=0}^{K-1} \sum_{m=0}^{M-1} LL_{n-1}(2i+k,2j+m)h(m)l(k)$$

$$LH_{n} = \sum_{k=0}^{K-1} \sum_{m=0}^{M-1} LL_{n-1}(2i+k,2j+m)l(m)h(k)$$

$$HH_{n} = \sum_{k=0}^{K-1} \sum_{m=0}^{M-1} LL_{n-1}(2i+k,2j+m)h(m)h(k)$$



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2 decomposition level

# Remote execution: 2D DWT

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#### **Remote execution: PipelineModelCreator tool**



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Flow-model

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{X=95,Y=196}



- MPI + flow-model = CaravelaMPI
- Caravela platform operated in command line mode (operating system)
- Attach other hardware platforms to the Caravela platform (coprocessors on FPGAs,....)
- Test Meta-Pipeline with large real problems
  - Japan-Cyprus-Portugal





#### Papers

- 1. Shinichi Yamagiwa, Leonel Sousa, "Caravela: A Novel Environment for stream-based distributed computing", IEEE Computer Magazine, May 2007, pp.76-83
- 2. Shinichi Yamagiwa, Leonel Sousa, "Design and implementation of a stream-based distributed computing platform using graphics processing units", ACM International Conference on Computing Frontier, May 2007
- 3. Shinichi Yamagiwa, Leonel Sousa, Diogo Antão, "Data buffering optimization methods toward a uniform programming interface for GPU-based applications", ACM International conference of Computing Frontier, May 2007
- 4. Shinichi Yamagiwa, Leonel Sousa, Tomas Brandao, "Meta-Pipeline: A new execution mechanism for distributed pipeline processing", 6th International Symposium on Parallel and Distributed Computing (ISPDC 2007), August 2007
- 5. Shinichi Yamagiwa and Diogo Ricardo Cardoso Antao and Leonel Sousa, Design and Implementation of a Graphical User Interface for Stream-based Distributed Computing, the IASTED International Conference on Parallel and Distributed Computing and Networks (PDCN 2008), Feb. 2008

#### Book chapter

1. Concurrent and Parallel Computing: Theory, Implementation and Applications, chapter 1, NOVA Publishers, May 2008

#### Patent

1. "Program execution method applied to data streaming in distributed heterogeneous computing environment", Portuguese national patent



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For more detailed information, please visit: http://www.caravela-gpu.org

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